

# Protocol for the mtSNP 11-plex Primer Extension Assay on the ABI 3100 CE

## Reagents Included:

- 11-plex **PCR** primer mix (~400 uL or 250 reactions)
- 11-plex **ASPE** primer mix (~240uL or 240 reactions)

## Materials Needed:

- PCR buffer and Mg++ (e.g. supplied with TaqGold)
- TaqGold DNA polymerase (5 U/uL)
- dNTPs (10 mM)
- BSA (fraction V) (3.2 mg/mL)
- Capillary Array
- POP-6 polymer
- Matrix standards for ABI 3100
- Genetic Analyzer Buffer
- GeneScan and Genotyper software programs

Eleven mtSNP sites for separating the most common Caucasian HV1/HV2 type. The primary sequence variants are listed, with the rCRS variant listed first. Site 14470 has been observed to also have a C variant.

Position	Sequence Variation
477	T/C
3010	G/A
4580	G/A
4793	A/G
5004	T/C
7028	C/T
7202	A/G
10211	C/T
12858	C/T
14470	T/A
16519	T/C

See flow chart on next page for workflow

## Multiplex PCR

	Stock conc	mtPCR 11plex	Desired PCR conc	Volumes to add		Number of Reactions
		Total volume of Reaction	15			16
mM	25	Mg concentration (micromolar)	2	1.2	uL	19.2
uM	4.5	Primer concentration (micromolar)	0.45	1.5	uL	24
U/uL	5	units of Taq (units)	1.5	0.3	uL	4.8
mM	10	dNTP concentration (micromolar)	250	0.375	uL	6
x	10	PCR Buffer	1	1.5	uL	24
	3.2	BSA	0.16	0.75	uL	12
		Water to add		7.375	uL	118
		Master Mix volume		13		208
		Volume of added template (uL)	2			

Above is an example a PCR set up sheet for 16 reactions. Typically we run 15 uL reactions. Approximately 0.5 to 1 ng of *genomic* DNA (Nuclear DNA quantified using Quantifiler) is added. *The mtDNA concentration will of course be much higher.*

Note: volumes may change for differing concentrations of dNTPs, Mg<sup>++</sup>, BSA, etc

## Thermal Cycling

Thermal cycling was performed with the GeneAmp 9700 (Applied Biosystems) using the following conditions in 9600-emulation mode (i.e., ramp speeds of 1 °C/s):

95 °C C for 10 min

**3** cycles of 95 °C for 30 s, 50 °C for 55 s, 72 °C for 30 s

**19** cycles of 95 °C for 30 s, 50 °C for 55 s +0.2 °C per cycle, 72 °C for 30 s

**11** cycles of 95 °C for 30 s, 55 °C for 55 s, 72 °C for 30 s

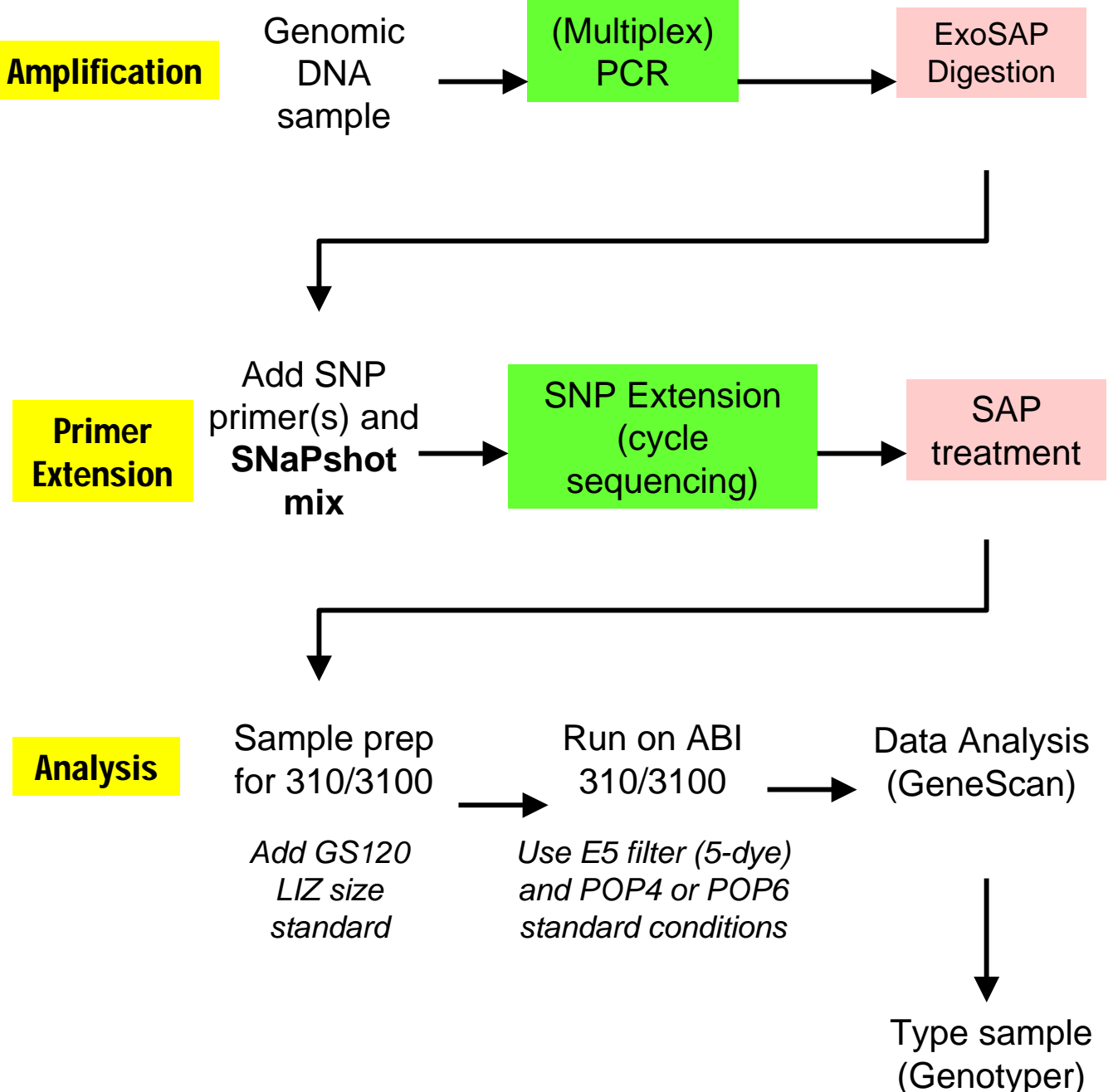
72 °C for 7 min

4 °C hold

## Contact Information for Technical Details:

Peter Vallone  
 NIST - Biotechnology Division  
 100 Bureau Drive, MS8311  
 Gaithersburg, MD 20899-8311  
 Office - (301) 975-4872  
 Fax - (301) 975-8505  
 Peter.vallone@nist.gov

# Protocol for ASPE Assay



# Exo-SAP

Post PCR, amplicons can be confirmed on an agarose gel or the Agilent Bioanalyzer 2100. Exo-SAP treatment is required to degrade leftover PCR primers and unincorporated dNTPs.

Each reaction is treated with Exonuclease I and Shrimp Alkaline Phosphatase. Pre-mixed Exo-SAP-IT can be used or you can make your own: 1.4 uL Exo I (5U/μL) + 2.6 μL of SAP (1U/μL) per 15μL reaction. Add enzymes to plate/tubes and spin down before incubating at 37°C.

## Thermal cycling for Exo-SAP

90min at 37°C – (the 90 min is needed to ensure that all leftover PCR primers are degraded)  
 20 min at 80°C – (this is needed to kill the enzymes)  
 5 min at 25°C

# ASPE with SNaPshot

	Stock conc	mtSNP ASPE	Desired SNP conc	Volume (uL)		Number of Rxns
		Total volume of Reaction	10			16
uM	10	Primer concentration (micromolar)	1	1	uL	16
x	2	SNaPshot kit	10	5	uL	80
		Water to add		1	uL	16
		Master Mix volume		7		112
		Volume of added PCR amplicons (uL)	3			

The ASPE mix can be set up as shown above. Spin down after adding all components.

## Thermal cycling for ASPE

25 cycles of:  
 96 °C for 10 s  
 50 °C for 5 s  
 60 °C for 30 s

## Thermal cycling for SAP

Add 1.5 μL (1U/μL) of SAP to each reaction and spin down. The SAP is required to inactivate the fluorescently labeled ddNTPs.

40min at 37°C  
 5 min at 90°C  
 5 min at 25°C

# CE run on the ABI 3100

## LIZ-120 mix

For each reaction prepare:  
14.5  $\mu$ L HiDi formamide  
0.4  $\mu$ L LIZ-120 sizing ladder

Add 1.0  $\mu$ L of the SAP treated ASPE reaction to the CE plate containing the HiDI-LIZ and spin down to mix.

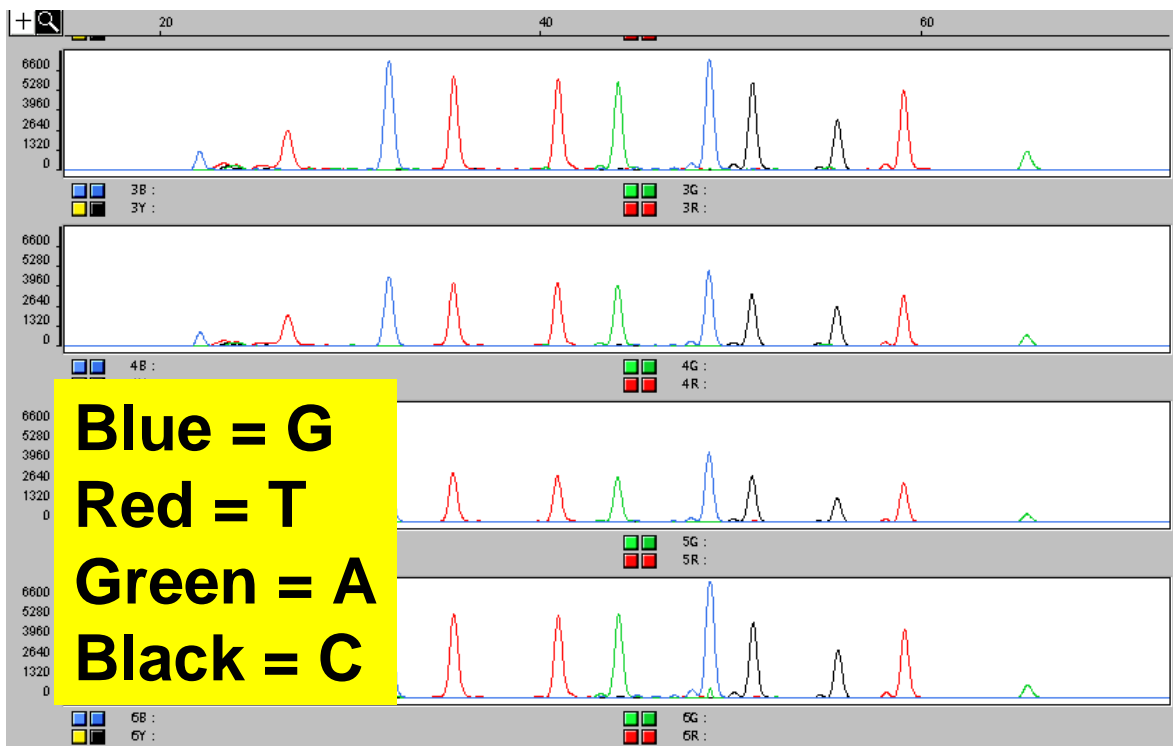
## Analysis on ABI 3100

The ABI 3100 was used with filter set E5 in order to process the data from the 5 dyes dR110, dR6G, dTAMRA, dROX, and LIZ after an appropriate spectral matrix had been created using materials from the matrix standard set DS-02.

A 36 cm capillary array filled with either denaturing POP6 or POP4 performance optimized polymer was utilized for DNA fragment separation.

Typical run module parameters were: Run temperature = 60  $^{\circ}$ C, capillary fill volume = 184 steps, pre-run voltage = 15 kV, pre-run time = 60 sec, **injection voltage = 1kV, injection time = 13 sec**, run voltage = 15 kV, data delay = 200 sec, and run time = 1200 sec.

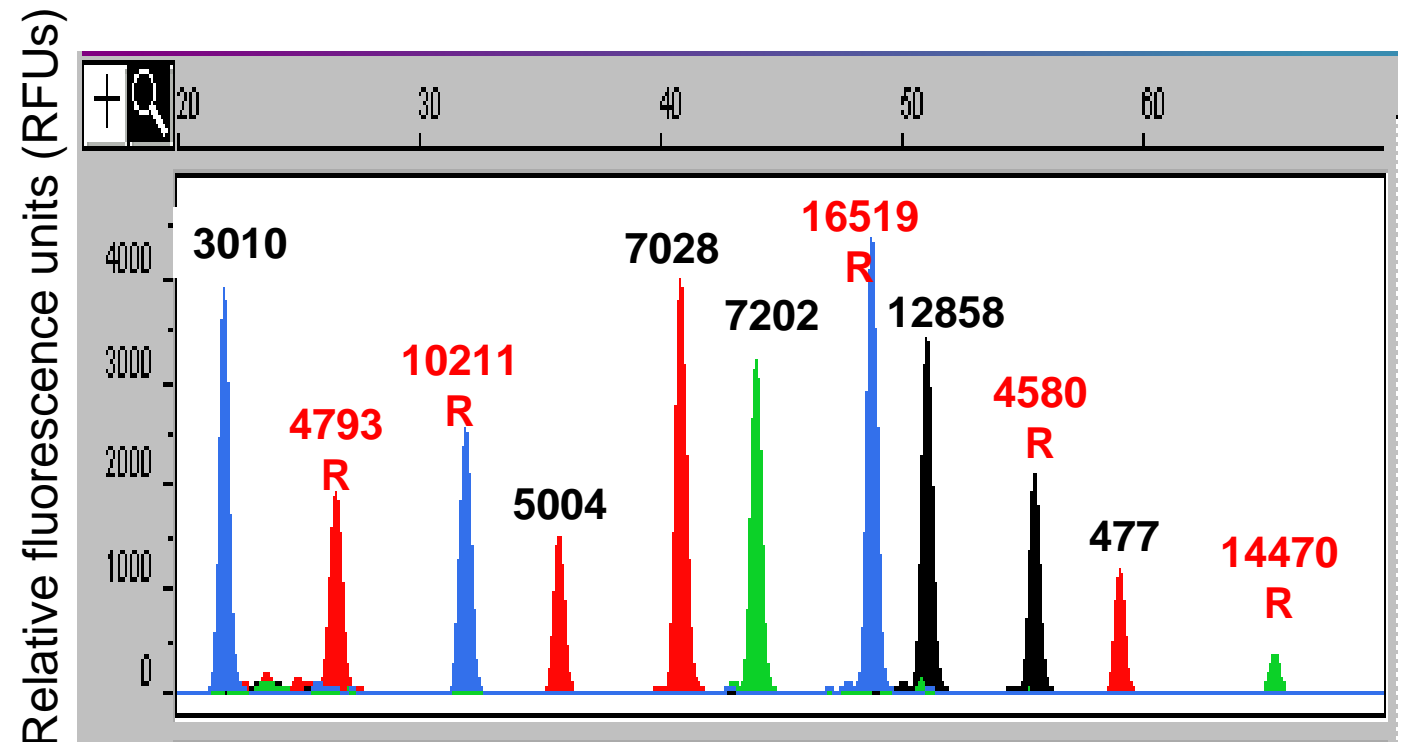
Data analysis was performed using GeneScan 3.7 and Genotyper 3.7 software. A macro based on fragment size and dye color was implemented using the Genotyper 3.7 software for automated allele calls.



# mtSNP 11-plex run on ABI 3100

## Multiplex PCR and Multiplex SNP Detection

Measured size (nt) (relative to GSLIZ-120 size standard)



Loci highlighted in red with a R are “reverse” orientation ASPE primers. A correction needed to be applied. For example 4793 is A/G. The red peak (T) corresponds to an A allele call.

# Primer Information

Primer Sequences from Vallone et al., *Int. J. Legal Med.*, 118: 147-157.

[http://www.cstl.nist.gov/biotech/strbase/pub\\_pres/Vallone\\_IJLM2004.pdf](http://www.cstl.nist.gov/biotech/strbase/pub_pres/Vallone_IJLM2004.pdf)

Locus	PCR Primer Sequence	Amplicon (bp)
477-F	CTTTTGGCGGTATGCACTTT	122
477-R	GGTGTGTGTGTGCTGGGTA	
3010-F	GCGCAATCCTATTCTAGAGTCC	124
3010-R	TCACGTAGGACTTTAATCGTTGA	
4580-F	TCTTTGCAGGCACACTCATC	130
4580-R	GCAGCTTCTGTGGAACGAG	
4793-F	CAACCGCATCCATAATCCTT	186
4793-R	ATGTCAGAGGGGTGCCTTG	
5004-F	TCCATCATAGCAGGCAGTTG	124
5004-R	TGGTTATGTTAGGGTTGTACGG	
7028-F	GGCCTGACTGGCATTGTATT	125
7028-R	AAGCCTCCTATGATGGCAA	
7202-F	ACGCCAAAATCCATTTCACT	126
7202-R	TTCATGTGGTGTATGCATCG	
10211-F	ACCACAACCAACGGCTACA	143
10211-R	GGAGGGCAATTTCTAGATCAA	
12858-F	ATGATACGCCCGAGCAGA	126
12858-R	TGTGGGTCTCATGAGTTGGA	
14470-F	CAAGACCTCAACCCCTGACC	129
14470-R	GGGGGAGGTTATATGGGTTT	
16519-F	ACCACCATCCTCCGTGAAAT	183
16519-R	AGACCTGTGATCCATCGTGA	

The multiplex primer mix concentration is ~4.5  $\mu$ M (for each primer).

Locus	ASPE Primer Sequence	w/ T tail	[ $\mu$ M]
3010-F	TGTTGGATCAGGACATCCC	19	0.4
4793-R	(T) <sub>4</sub> - TCAGAAGTGAAAGGGGGC	22	11.5
10211-R	(T) <sub>10</sub> - ACTAAGAAGAATTTTATGGA	30	15.5
5004-F	(T) <sub>14</sub> - AGACCCAGCTACGCAAATC <sup>b</sup>	34	12.4
7028-F	(T) <sub>18</sub> -GACACGTACTACGTTGTAGC	38	5.8
7202-F	(T) <sub>22</sub> -CCACAACACTTTCTCGGCCT	42	1.0
16519-R	(T) <sub>24</sub> -TGTGGGCTATTTAGGCTTTATG	46	5.4
12858-F	(T) <sub>27</sub> -GCAGCCATTCAAGCAATCCTATA	50	5.2
4580-R	(T) <sub>29</sub> -TGGTTAGAACTGGAATAAAAGCTAG	54	6.0
477-F	(T) <sub>38</sub> -CCCTCCCCTCCATACTAC	58	5.6
14470-R	(T) <sub>41</sub> -GGGAATGATGGTTGTCTTTGG	62	10.0